

Web Server Languages Summer 2017

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<http://www.pint.com/classes/cse135>

Housekeeping

- Syllabus review
- Class page <http://classes.pint.com/cse135/>
- Updated syllabus, notes, homework specifications, etc. will always be posted there
- History of this class
- Current focus confusion and my solution
- My goals for this class
- Attendance and participation
- Teams and the “pledge”
- Standard academic issues (esp. cheating)

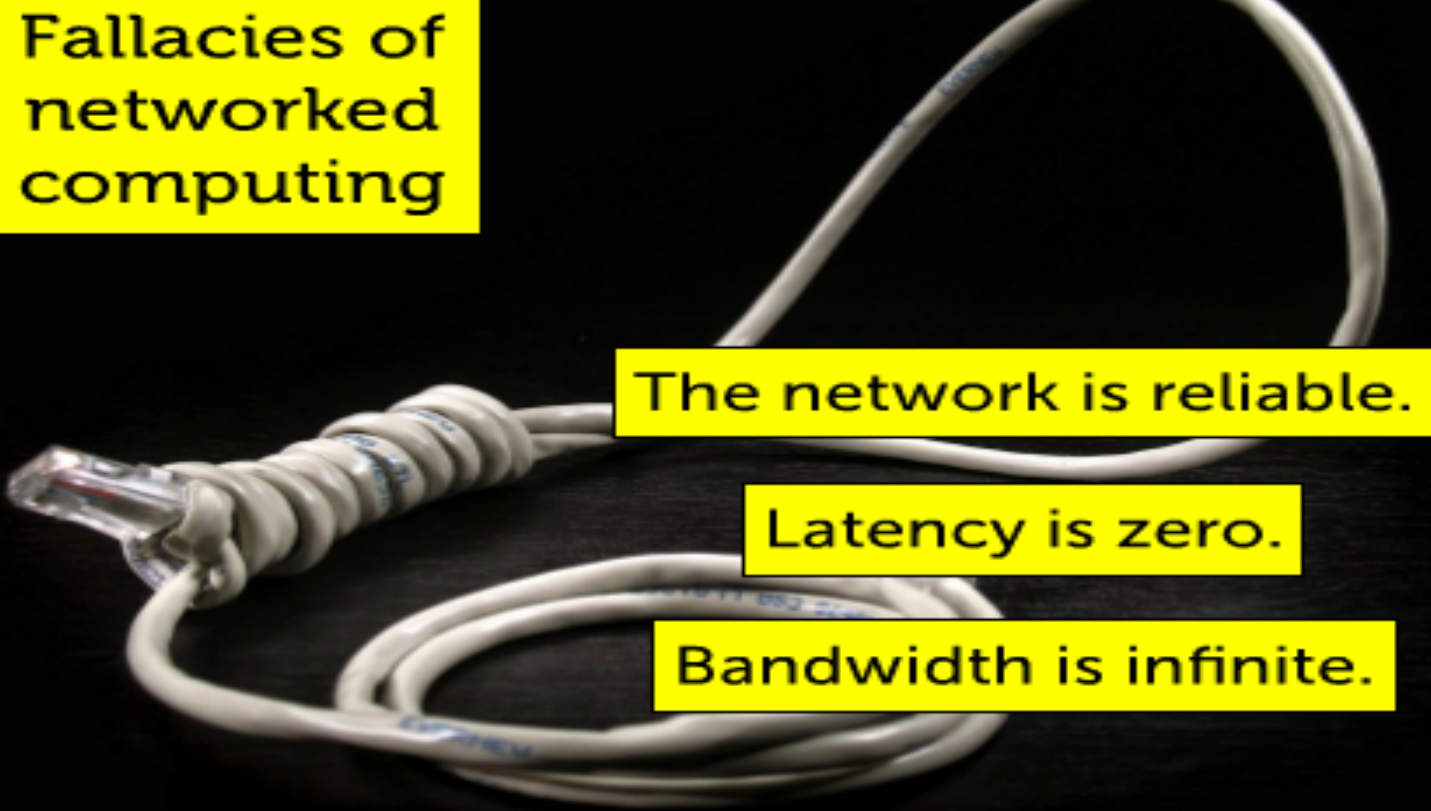
What's Web Programming All About

- Isn't web programming just a form of client-server programming?
- Yes but...
 - Huge issues with an insecure and potentially unreliable network running software built often by those lacking formal large systems design.
- If you were in 134 you heard most of this but let's make sure we spin it for the server-side and make sure to question things if we know more now.
- If you recently weren't in 134 I have to assume you know at least some HTML5, CSS, and some JS!
 - Sadly Street HTML != Real Client Side Knowledge
 - Avoiding knowing client tech creates a barrier for you and flies in the face of current dev trends (see Ajax)
 - We'll do our best to solve this, but keep this in mind if staying in

What's It All About

- Ok again isn't web programming just a form of client-server programming?
- Yes but...
 - Huge issues with an insecure and potentially unreliable network running software built often by those lacking formal large systems design.
- User constraints
 - Training and background issues
 - no common platform in OS/browser/screen size/color/multimedia/etc
 - Users do not necessarily have good intentions

It's the Network Stupid



Fallacies of
networked
computing

The network is reliable.

Latency is zero.

Bandwidth is infinite.

Web Development Is Hard

A video frame showing Douglas Crockford, a man with a grey beard and glasses, wearing a patterned green and white shirt. He is gesturing with his hands while speaking. A yellow semi-transparent box is overlaid on the bottom half of the frame, containing text.

Douglas Crockford on browsers:

**“The most hostile
software development
environment imaginable.”**

Developer Trouble

- Lack of formal software engineering practices are common in Web projects
 - Artists as programmers, programmers as artists
 - Do everything “web masters”
 - Starting to change finally!
 - Common jargon, convention, and standards issues
- Little testing and consensus on “best practices”
- Economic “first mover” advantage and its downside

User Concerns

- Do you really think about them enough
- How do you know you are succeeding?
- Measuring and Fact Fitting
 - The Visitation Fallacy
 - More always = better?
 - The Understanding Fallacy
 - 99% rule, testing artifacts, ad hoc conventions.
 - The Bandwidth Fallacy
 - Patience goes the other way
- The human (nature and capabilities) will see to be the constant & technology is the variable.

Err...Do You Even Know What it Is?

- What is Web design / development is different things to different people
- Depending on the person Web “D” includes many things such as:
 - Visual design
 - Programming
 - HTML
 - Navigation issues
 - Usability
 - Business issues (marketing, commerce, etc.)
- Depending on the project Web design actually may draw from any of these areas so it truly can be a very multidisciplinary field.

Big Challenge

- This lack of common understanding has really hurt the field more than one can imagine
 - Poor use of jargon
 - Buzz word bingo - Web 2.0, Social, DHTML, Ajax, HTML5
 - No agreed upon site structures and UI conventions
 - Consider the equivalent in GUI design
 - Crazy marcom driven notations about trade-off less tech or 2.0 3.0 or 4.0 of anything
- Be careful though, I am not promoting a “this is Web design/dev” solution
 - Often you make false comparisons
 - There is a wide range of solutions to a problem

A Review of Some Fundamental Ideas

Best Sites?

- So given a “best practices” approach to Web design and development answer the following:
 - Question: What are the “best” sites you know on the Web? In other words who does it right?
 - My answers _____, _____, _____, _____
 - Now what did those look like?

The 5 Pillars

1. Content
2. Structure
3. Technology (Implementation)
4. Delivery
5. Design

Another Way to View Web Development

Structure
(e.g XHTML)

Content

Interaction
(e.g.
programming)

Presentation
(e.g. CSS)

<- delivery ->

2 Participants

1. Site Owners

- Developers, people who pay for the site, etc.

2. Users

Rule: You must balance between what the users wants/needs are and the realities of the site owners' wants/needs

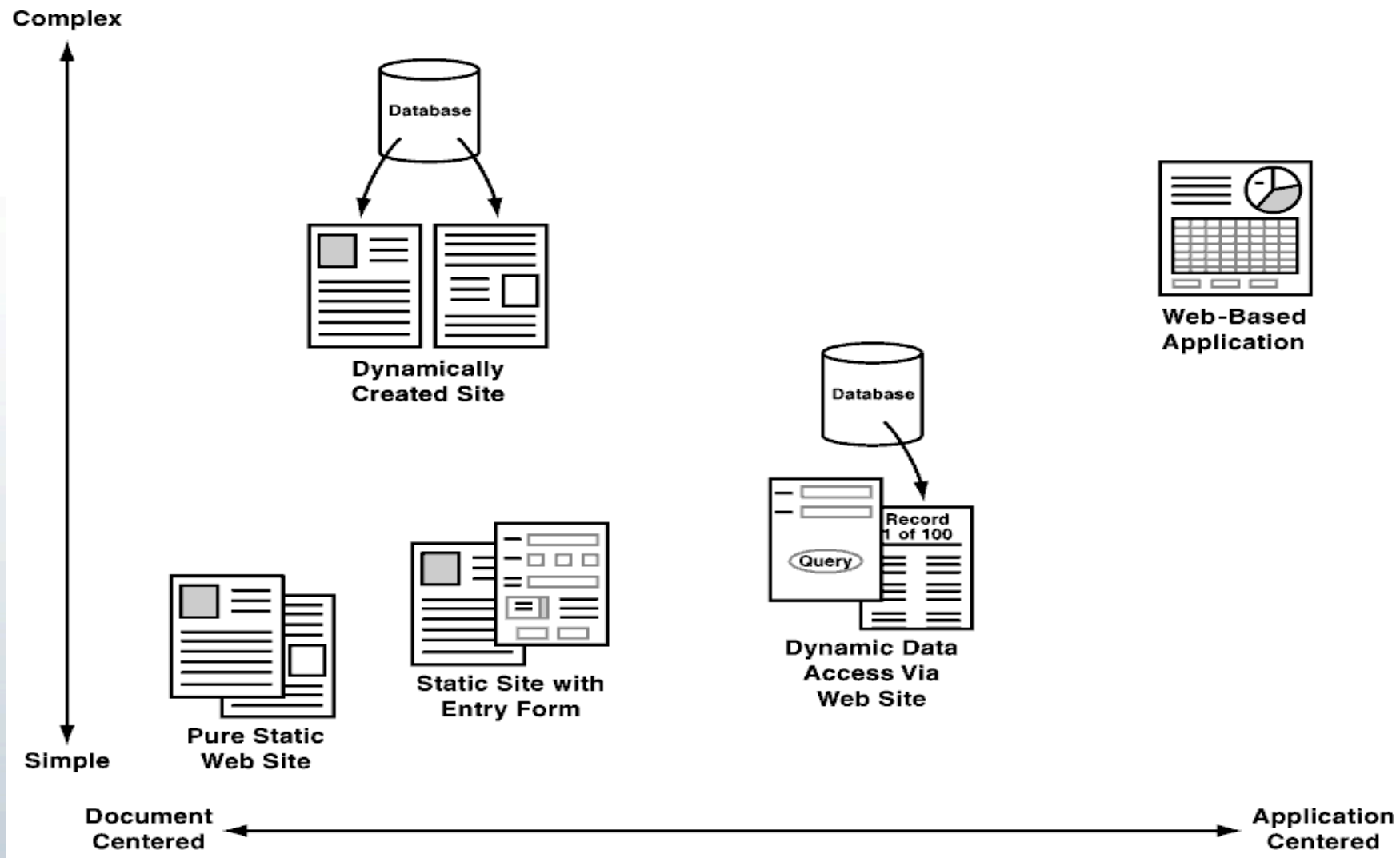
2 Participants - A Balance of power

- A balance of power
 - User in control - mistakes made?
 - Too much developer control - feel restrictive
- “Las Vegas” or “Disneyland” design
- *Seen it before the old Macintosh vs. command line argument*

Web Site Types

	Intranets	Extranets	Public
Info about Users	High	Medium	Low
Capacity Planning	Possible	Usually possible	Difficult to impossible
Bandwidth	High	Varies	Varies greatly
Ability to set technology	Yes	Sometimes	Rarely

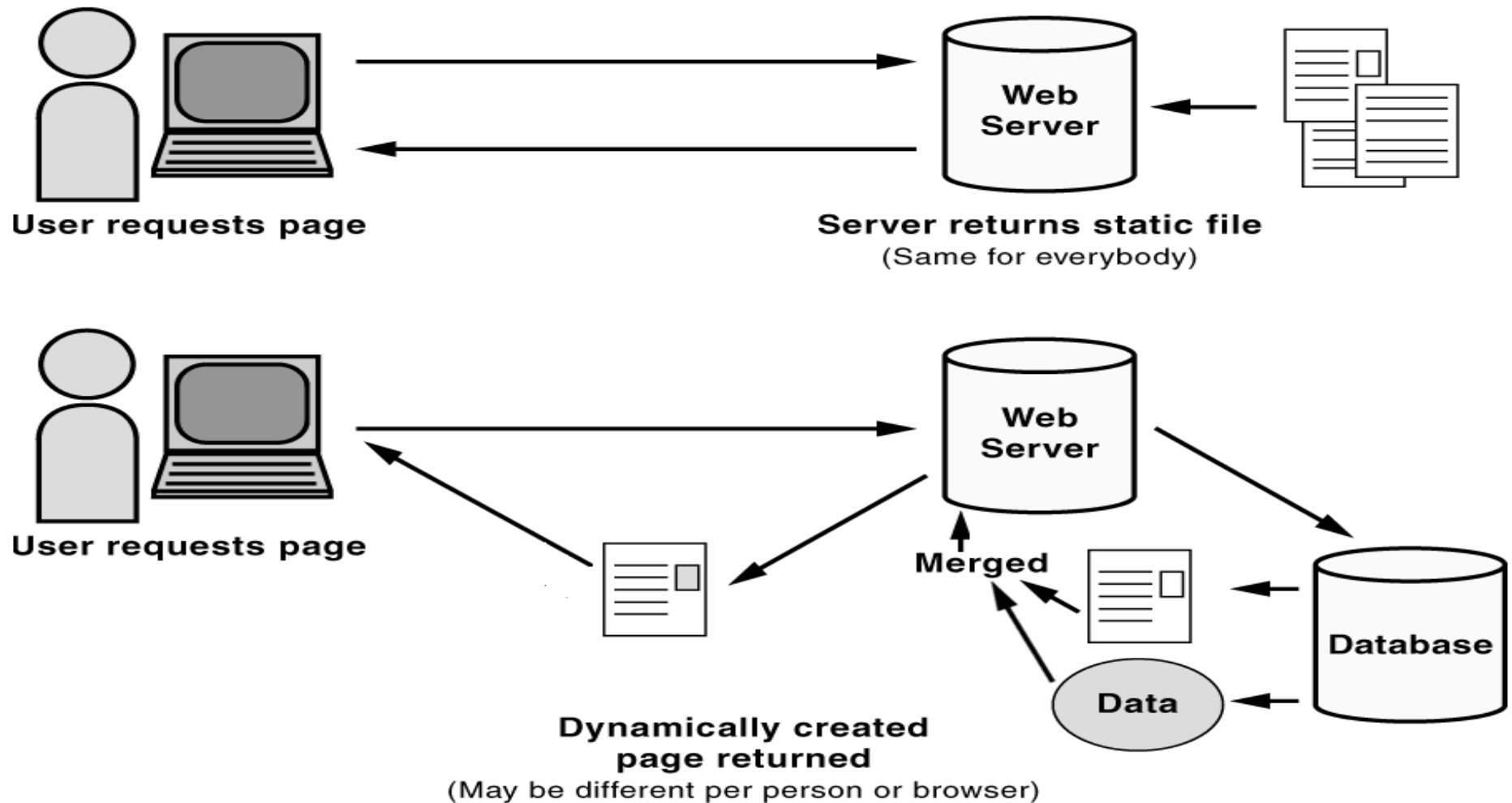
Range of Web Sites



Site Types Contd.

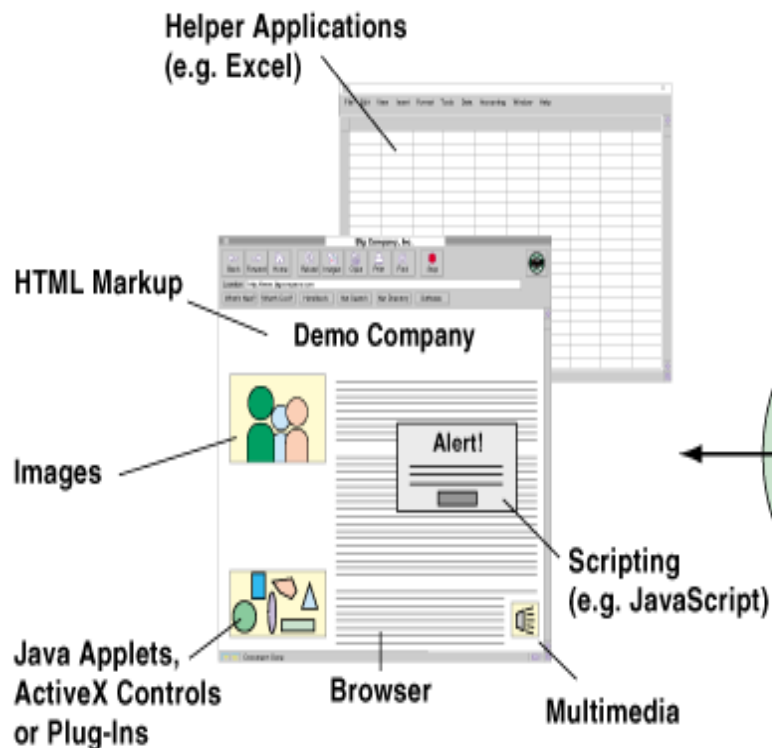
- Static Sites
 - Most common
 - Pages don't change per visitor and are built to fit users generically
- Dynamic Sites
 - Built on the fly for users
 - Personalized sites fall into this category (myYahoo)
 - Usually stored in a database
- Interactive sites
 - Those that allow the user to interact with content or site features in a significant fashion beyond simple selection

Dynamic Site Overview

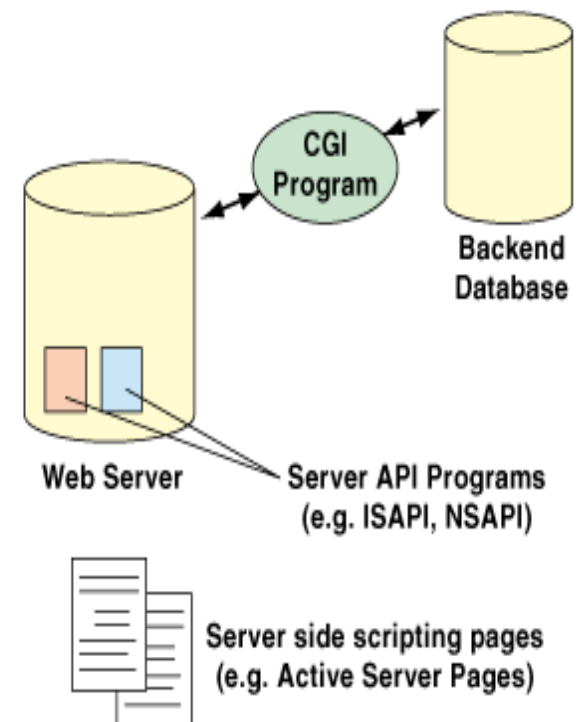


The Medium of Development & Context

Client Side

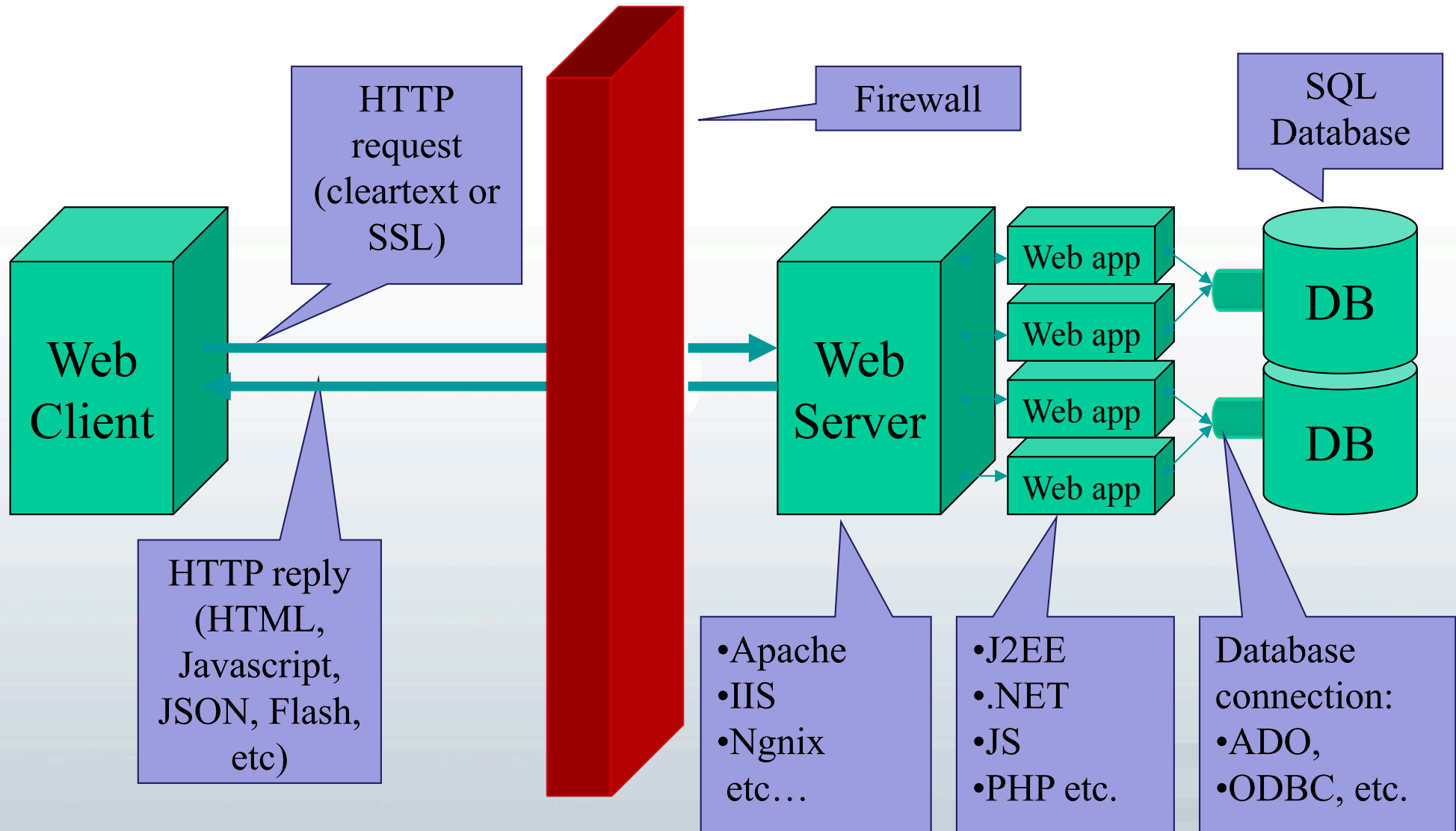


Server Side



Network

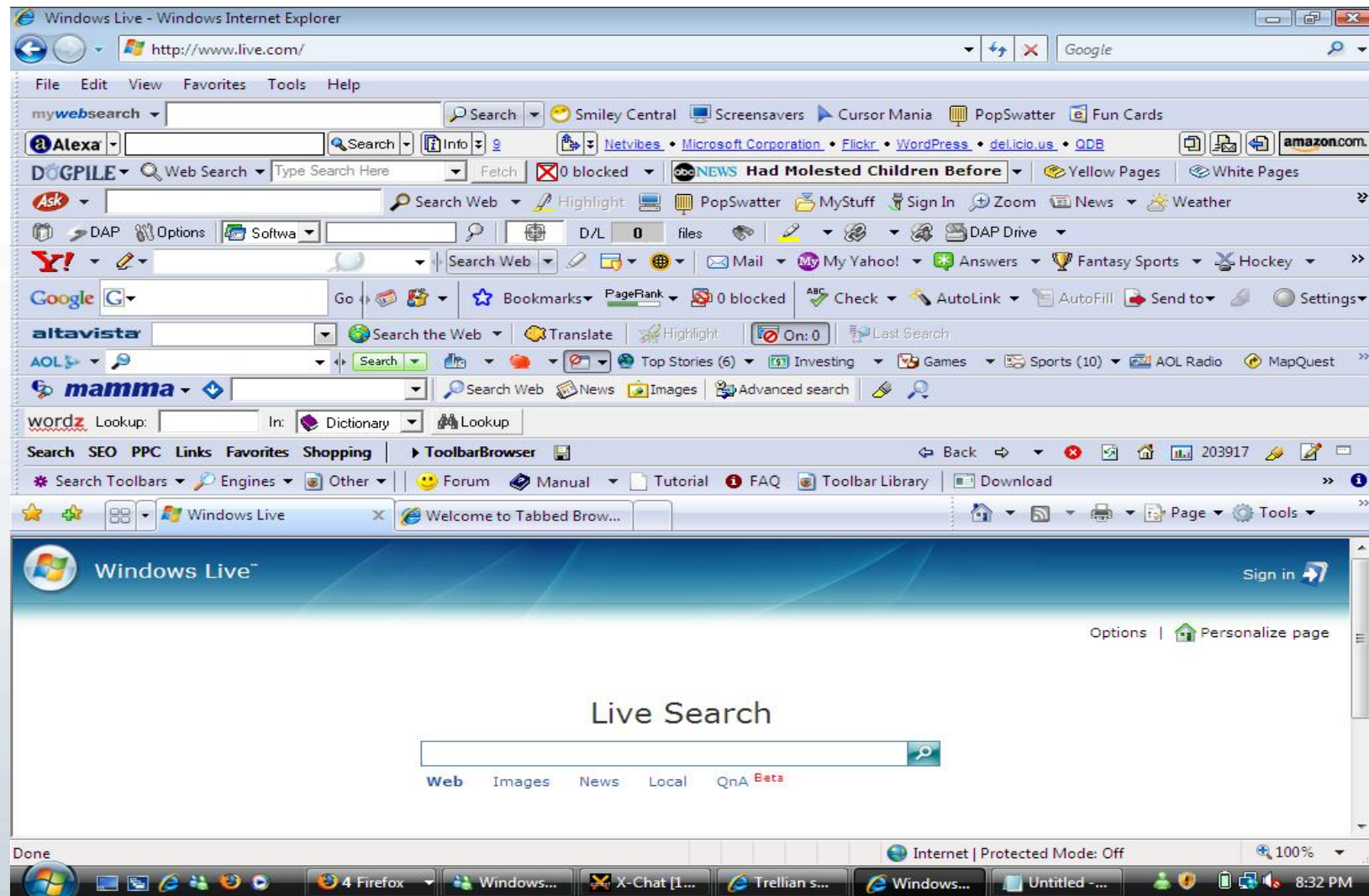
Typical Web App Set-Up



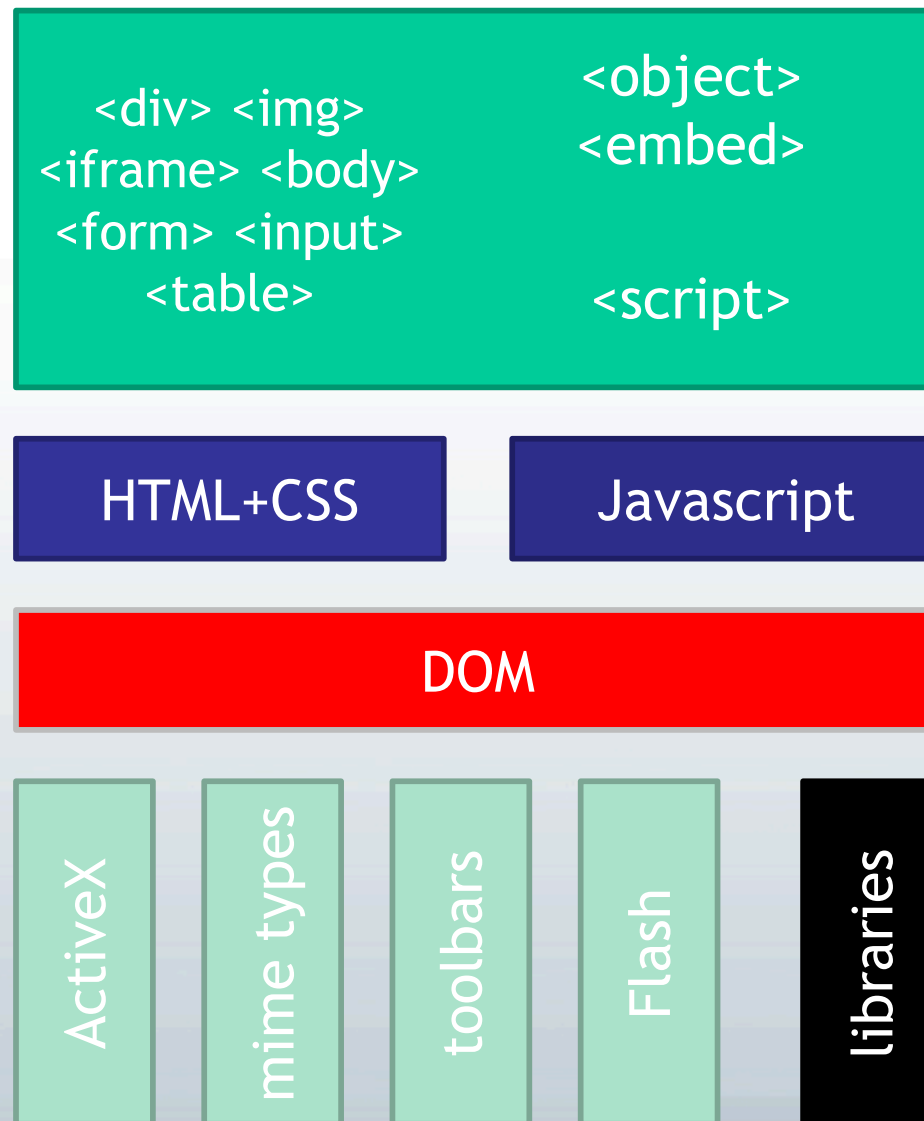
Web Programming Toolbox

Client Side	Server Side
Helper Applications	CGI scripts and programs
Netscape Plug-ins	Server API Programs <ul style="list-style-type: none">* ISAPI* NSAPI* Apache Modules
ActiveX Controls	
Java Applets	Java Servlets
Scripting Languages <ul style="list-style-type: none">* JavaScript* VBScript	Server-side scripting <ul style="list-style-type: none">* Active Server Pages (ASP)* ColdFusion* PHP

What is a browser?



Browser Side Interactions



Simple View of Client Side Web Development

Markup
(HTML, XHTML, XML)

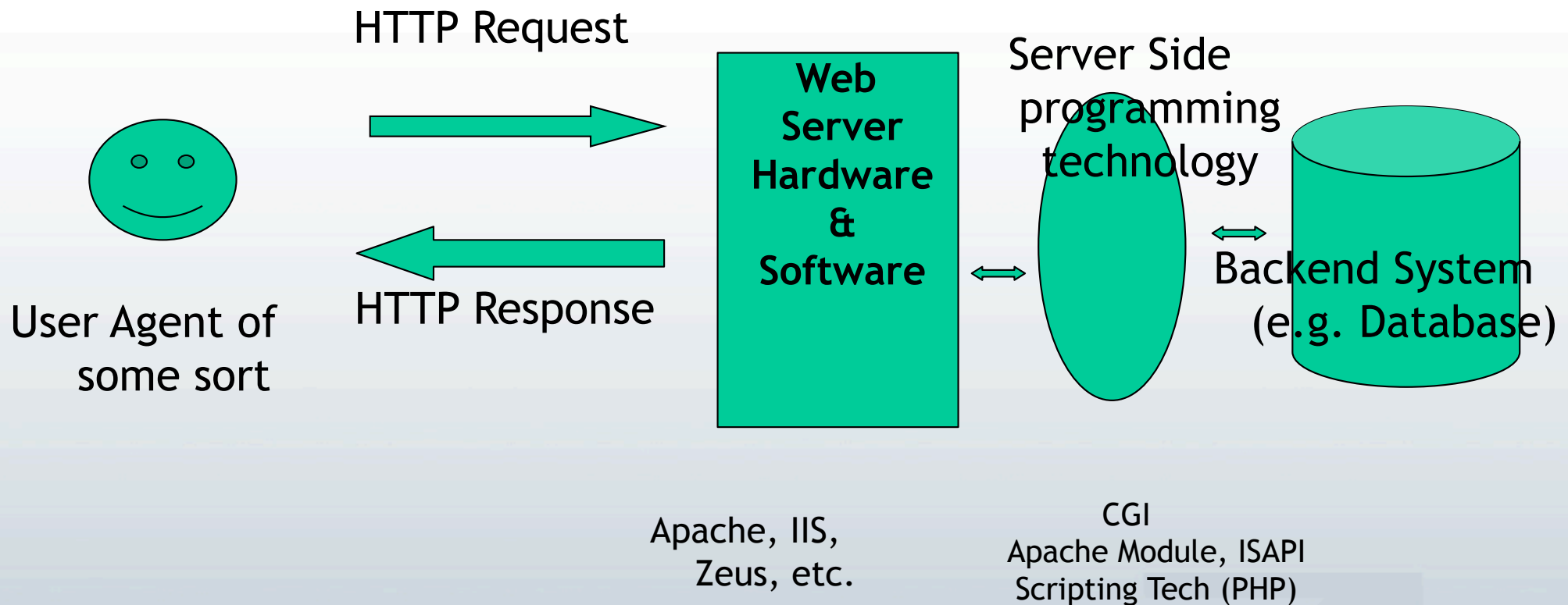


DOM

Interaction
(JavaScript
Objects -
applets,
plugins, etc.)

Presentation
(HTML*,
CSS,
Media objects,
Flash)

Simple View of Server-Side Web Development

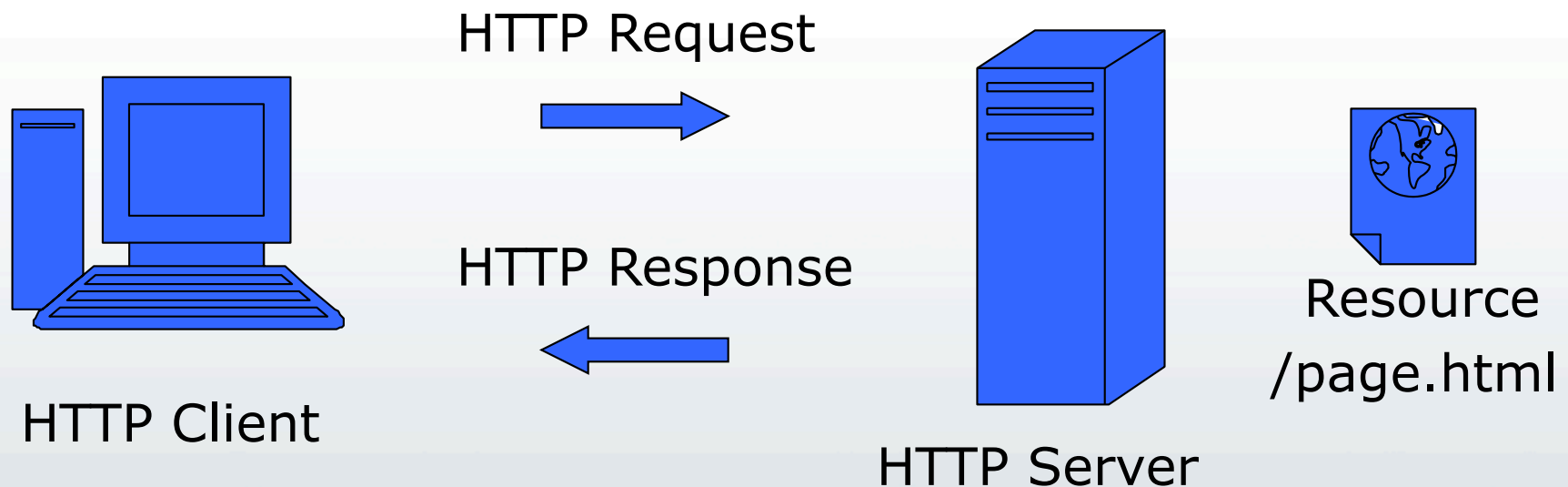


HTTP Request/Response Cycle Preview

Asks for resource by its URL:

`http://www.foo.com/page.html`

`www.foo.com`



Browser decodes MIME type and determines action

maps file extension `.html` to appropriate MIME type: `text/html`

HTTP Request Example Shows Process

```
07/01/04 09:07:02 Browsing http://www.ucsd.edu
Fetching http://www.ucsd.edu/ ...
GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: www.ucsd.edu
Connection: close
User-Agent: Sam Spade 1.14
```

Request Headers

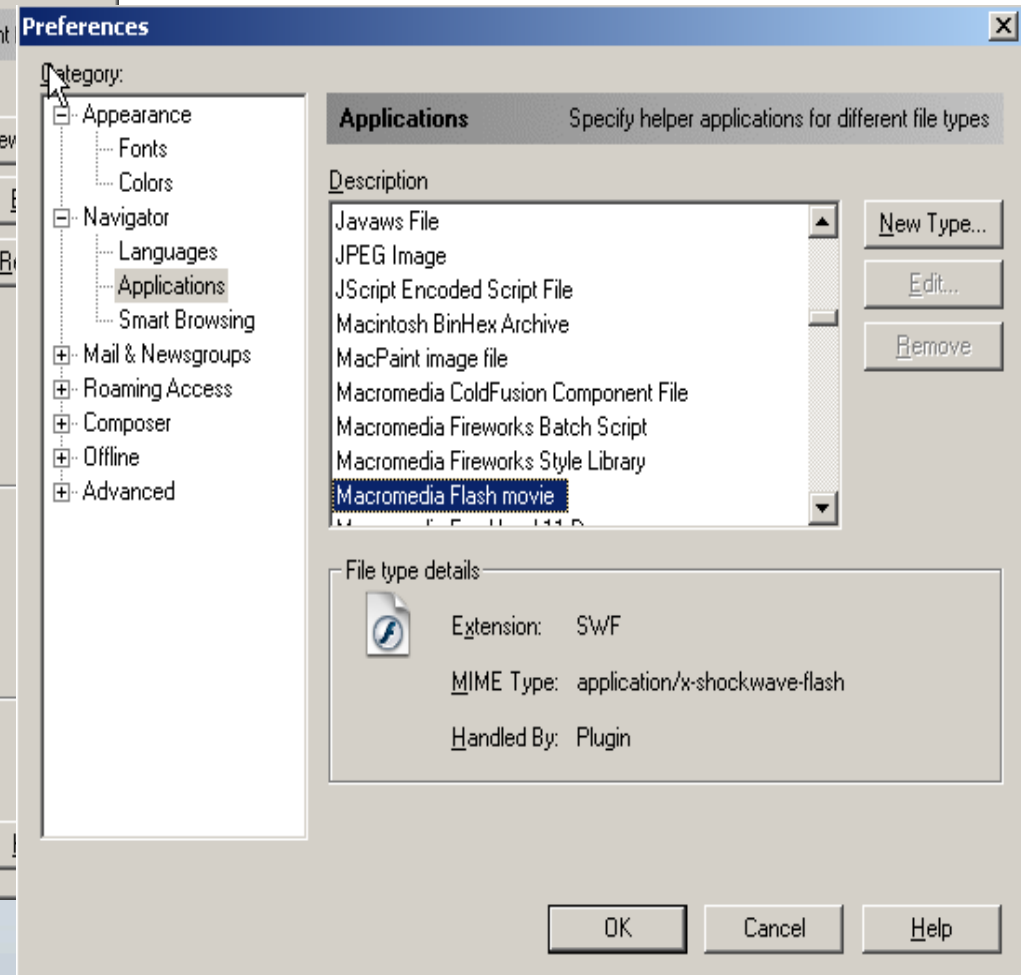
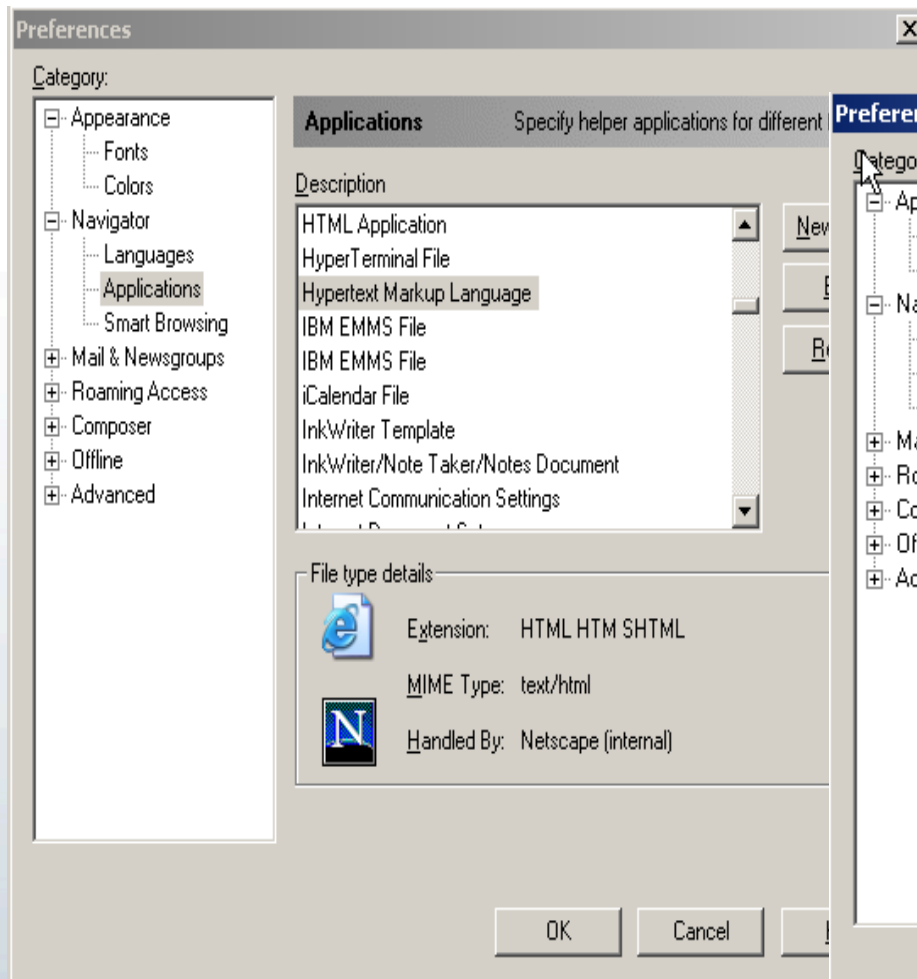
```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Thu, 01 Jul 2004 16:07:00 GMT
Server: Apache/1.3.27 (Unix)
Last-Modified: Thu, 01 Jul 2004 16:01:00 GMT
ETag: "c992b-77df-40e4353c"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 30687
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html
```

Response Headers

```
<!doctype html public "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0 Transitional//EN">
<html lang="en">
<head>
<base href="http://www.ucsd.edu/">
<title>University of California, San Diego</title>
<meta name="generator" content="">
<meta name="author" content="UCSD Libraries, Information Technology Depart
<meta name="keywords" content="">
```

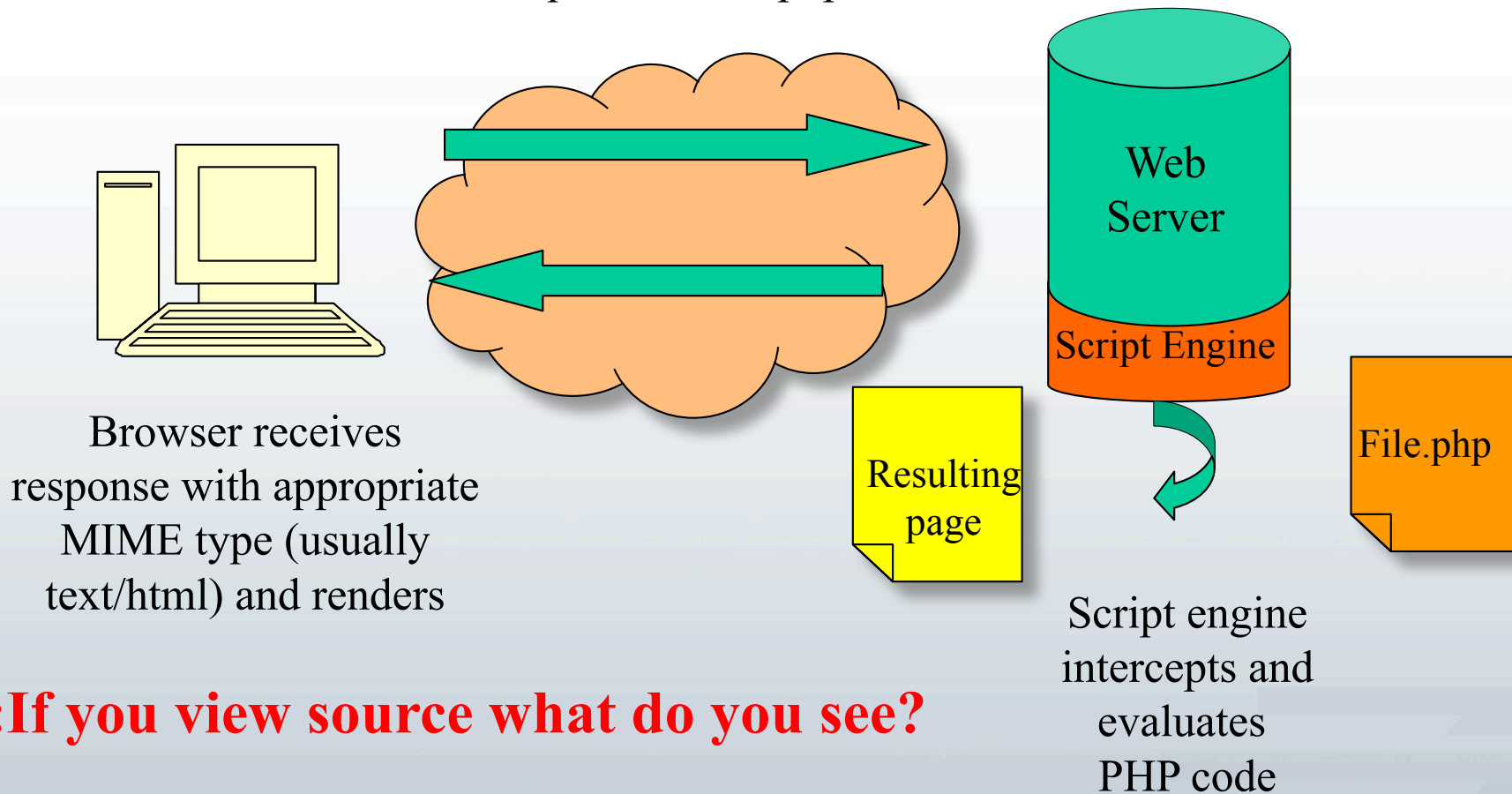
Response data

Browser Lookup for Action on Mime (or file type)



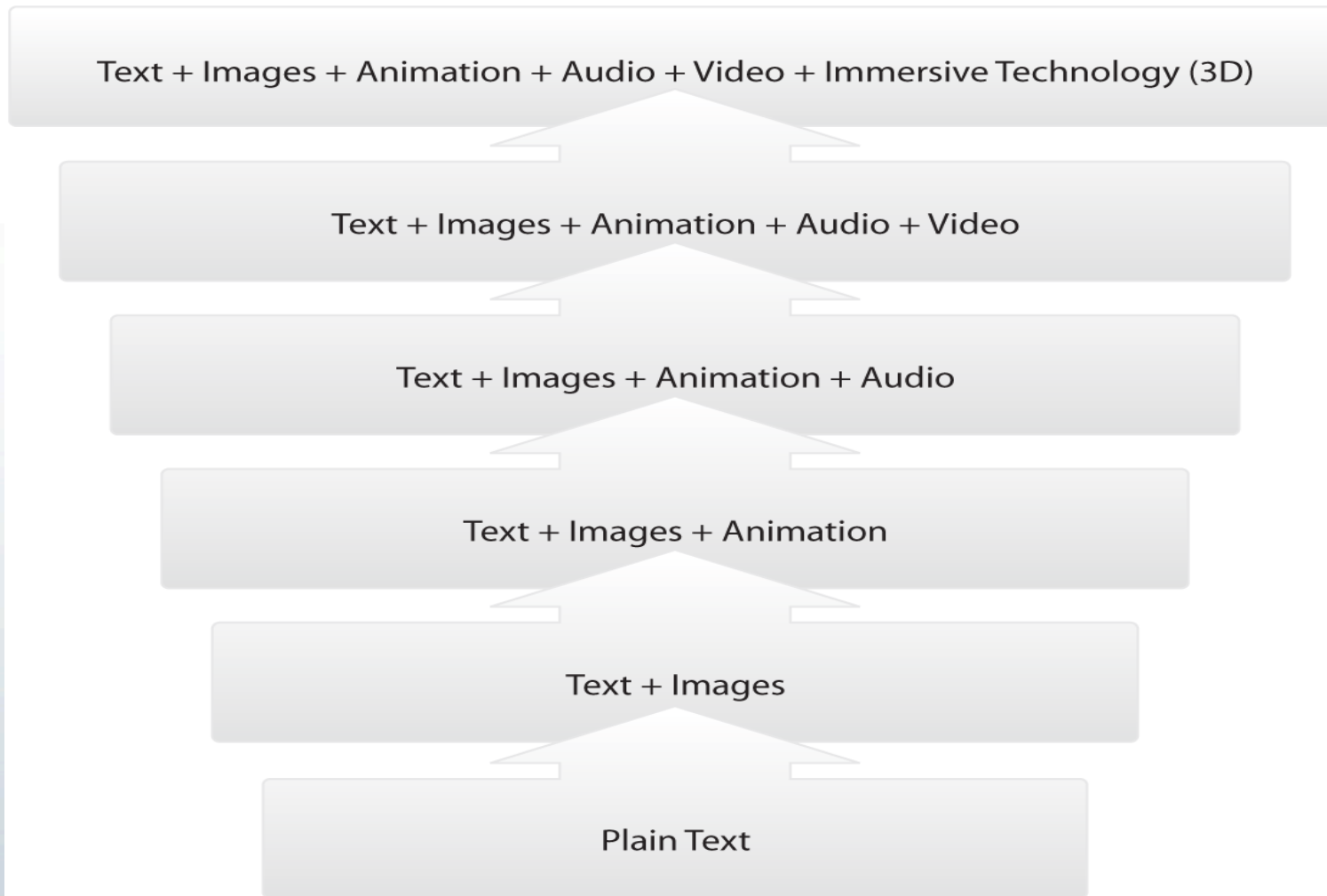
Example of file extensions and action

HTTP Request for file.php

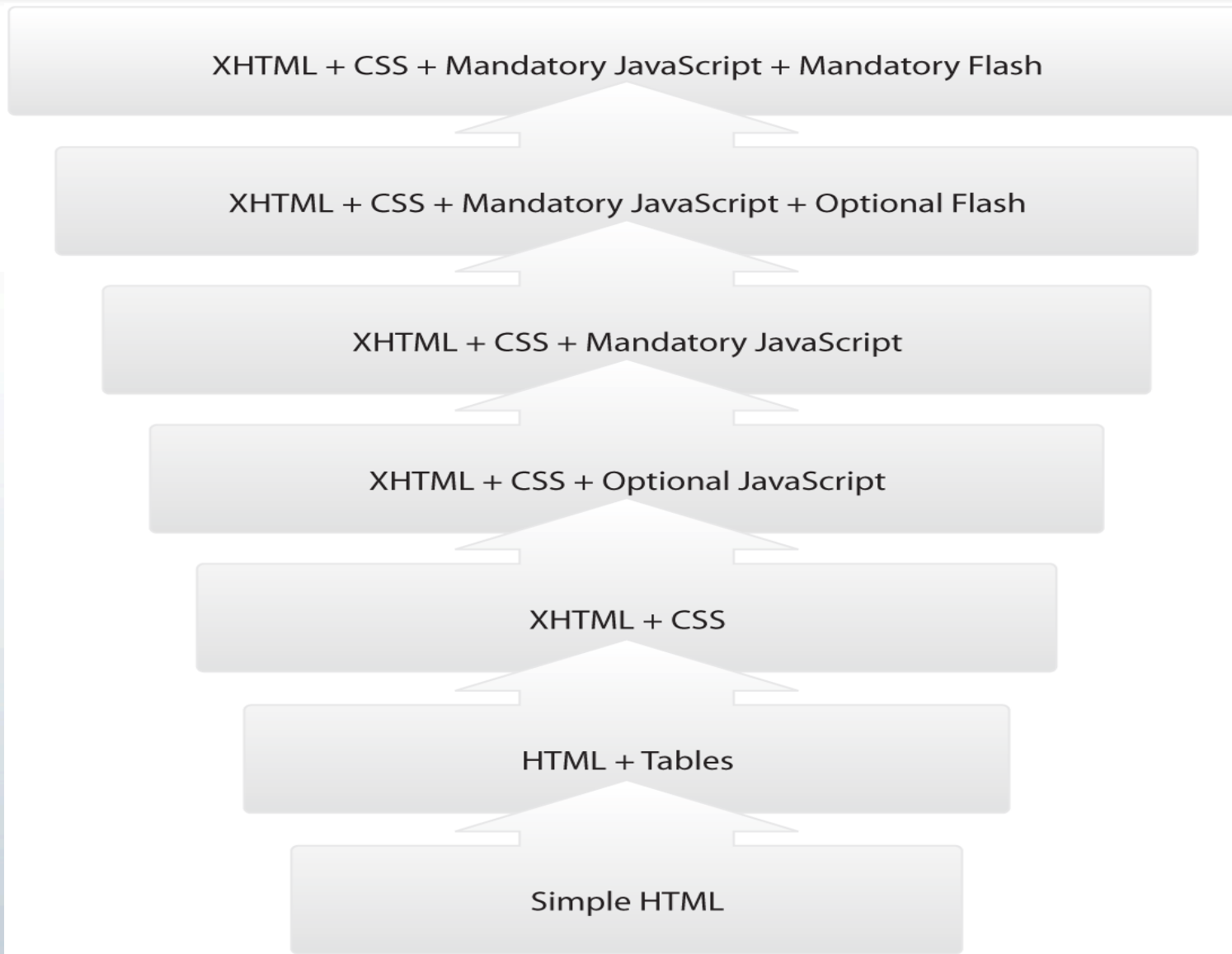


Q:If you view source what do you see?

Range of Interface - Progressive Enhancement



Range of Interface - Technology

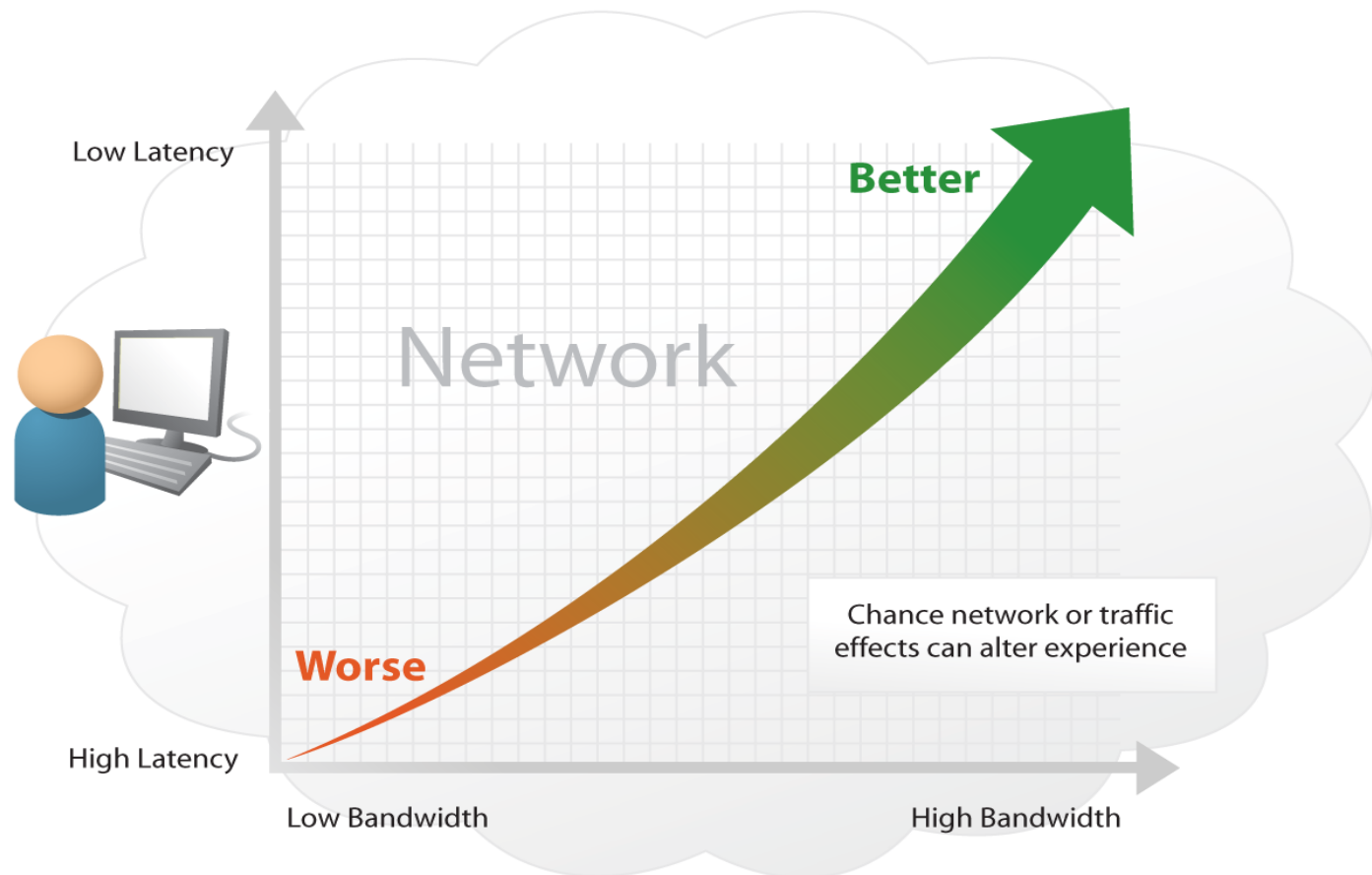


Range of Connectivity

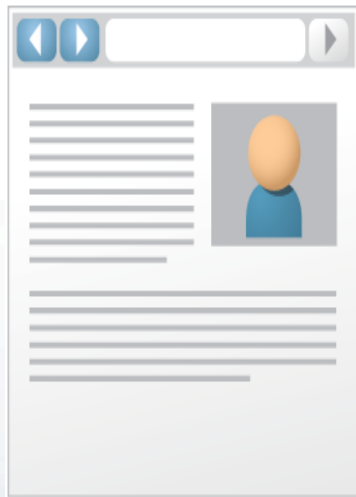
Offline
Disconnected



Online
Connected



Range of Interaction



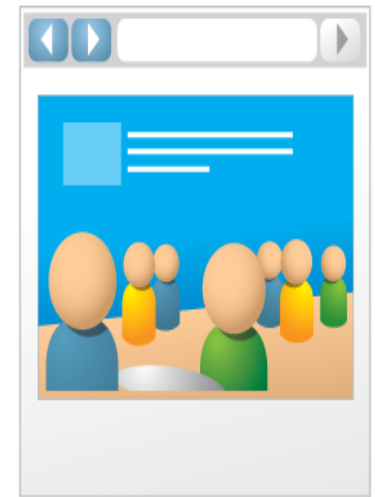
Static Site



Custom
(ex. My Yahoo!)



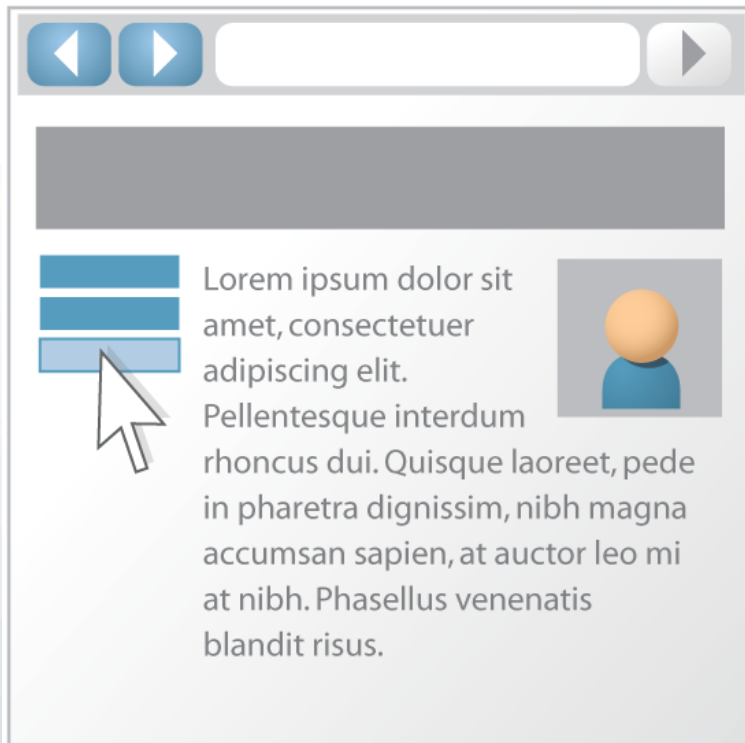
Participatory
(ex. message board/wiki)



Beyond...
(ex. virtual space)

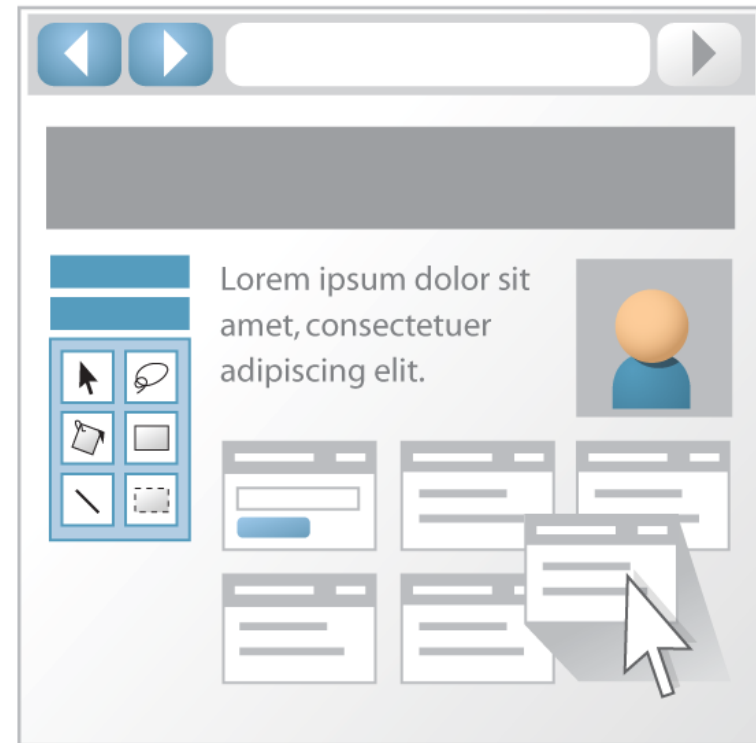
Interface Style Choices

Traditional



Read, Understand, Click
(Simple links/press buttons)

Direct Manipulation



Drag & Combine
(Select region, drag and drop, fill, etc..)

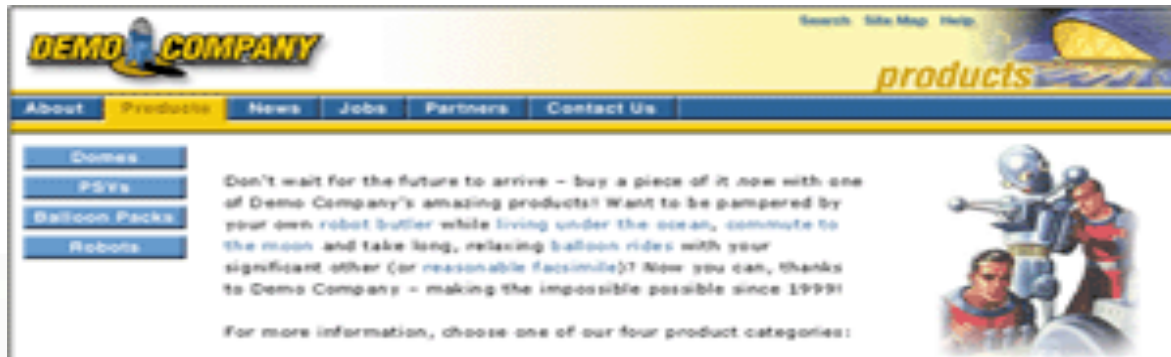
Site Types Some Groupings

- Informational
- Transactional
- Community
- Entertainment
- Other
 - Blogs, artistic, personal
- Commercial
- Government
- Educational
- Non-profit
- Personal

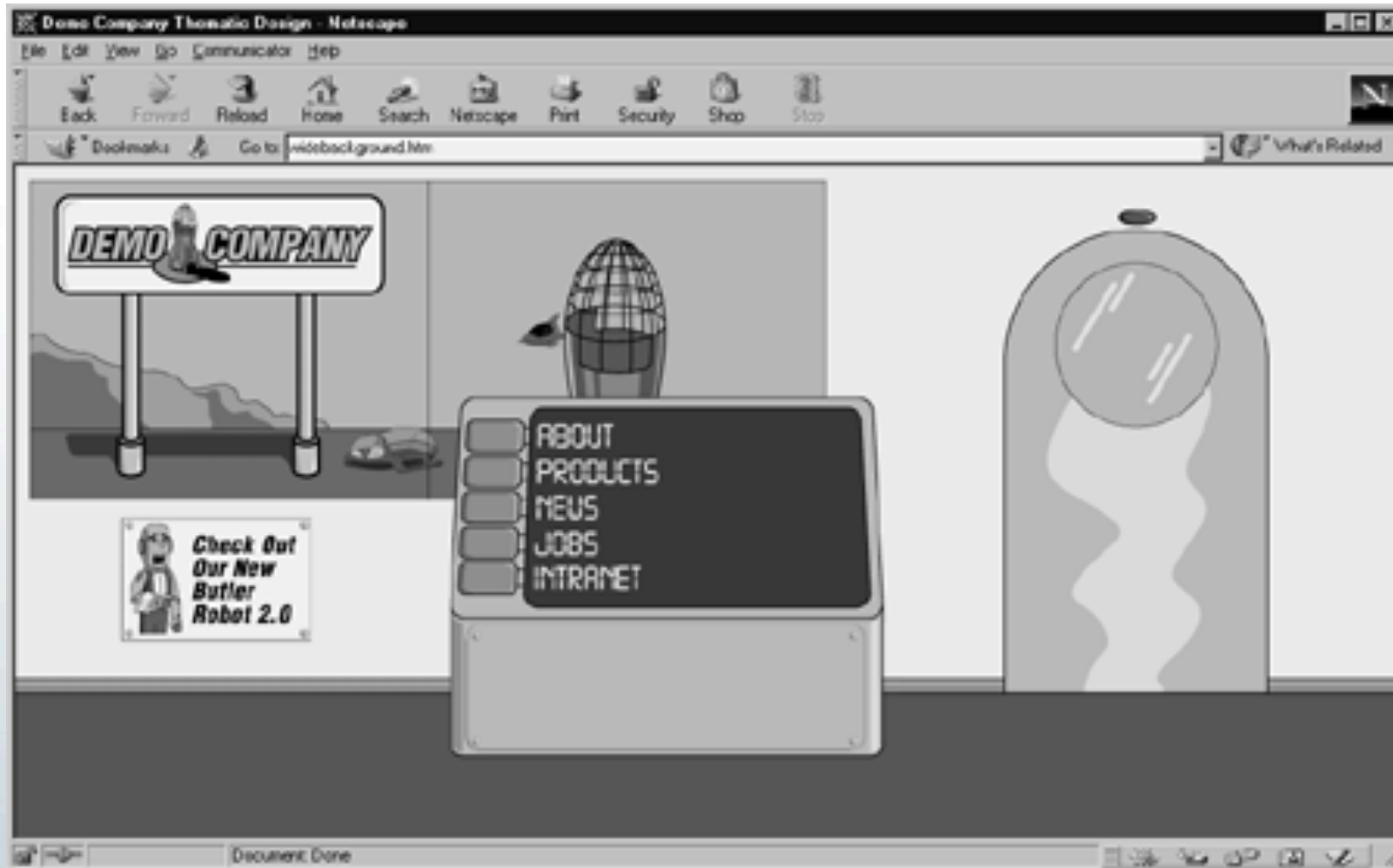
Visual Groupings - Text Oriented



Visual Groupings - GUI Style



Visual Style - Metaphorical



Visual Style - Experimental

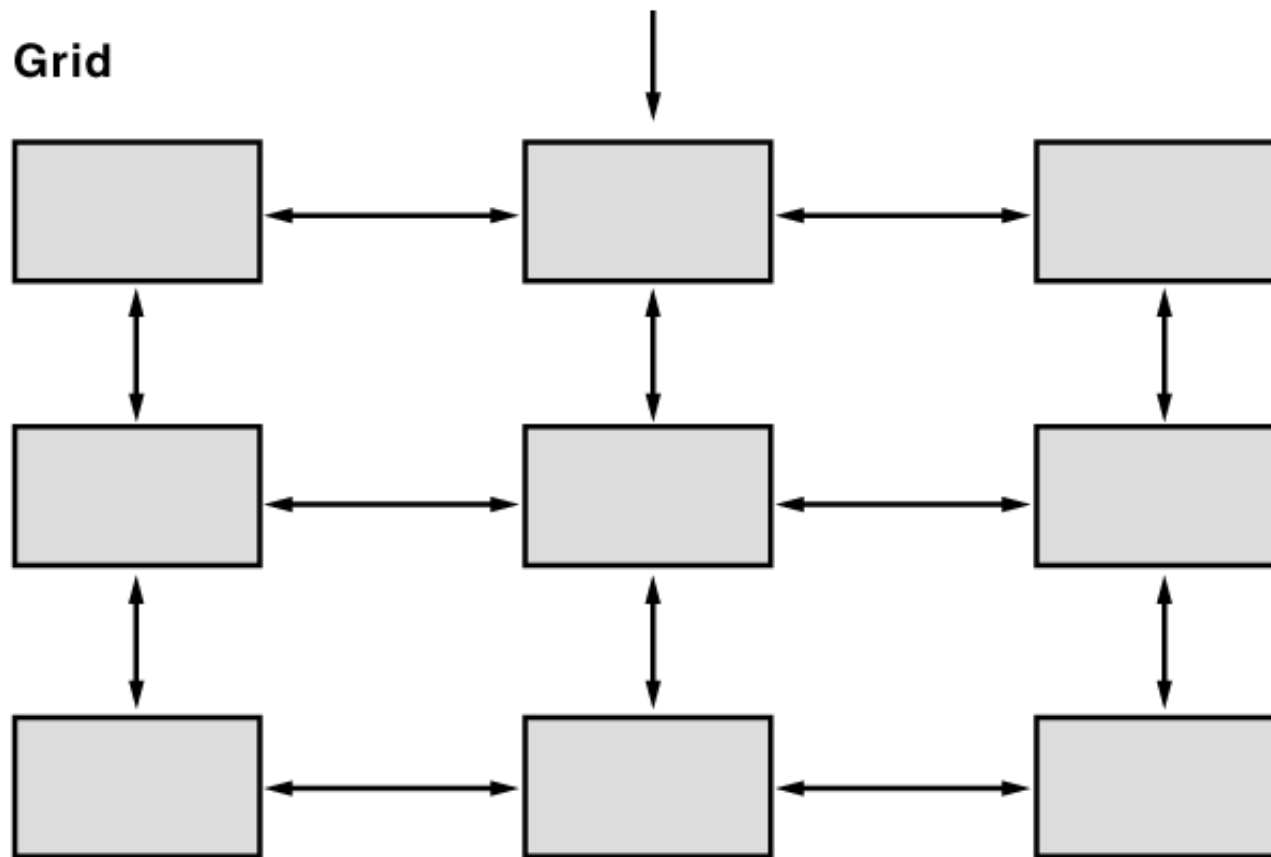


Range of Underlying Info Structure - Linear

Pure Linear

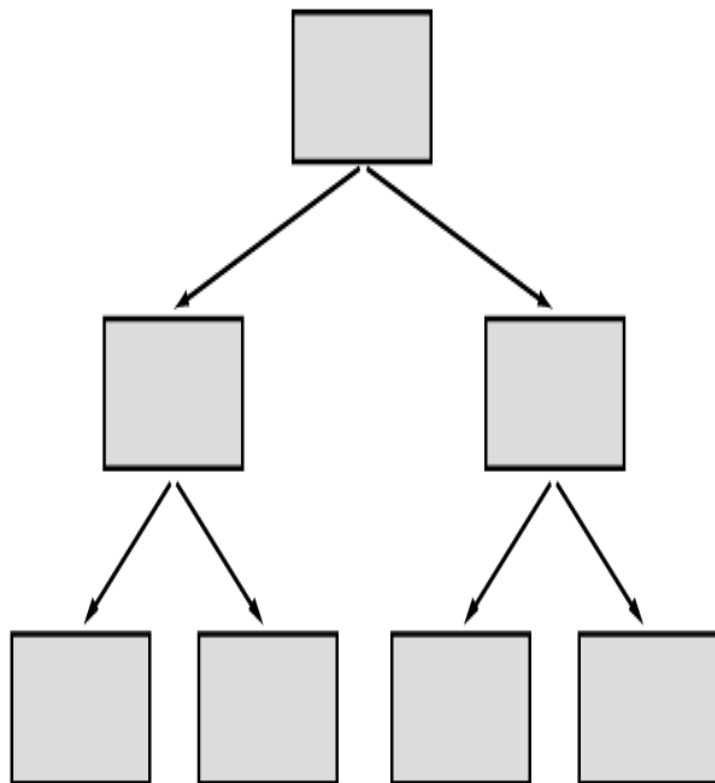


Range of Info Structures: Contd.

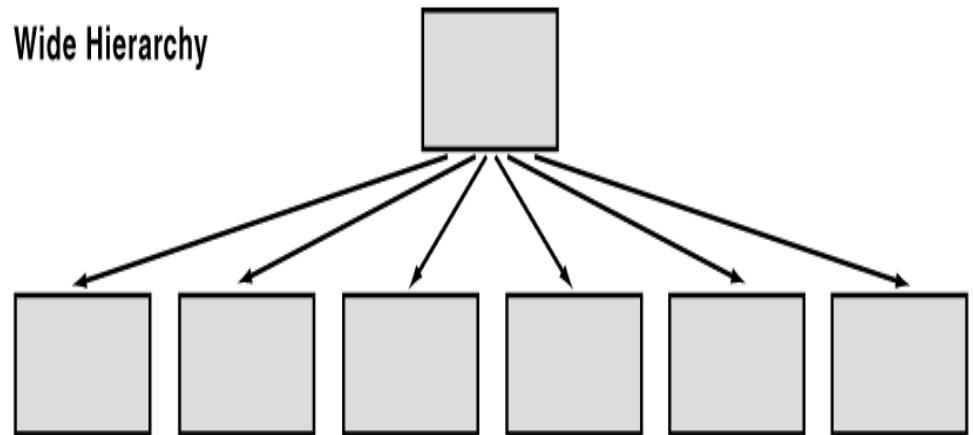


Range Contd: Web Site Structure and Trees

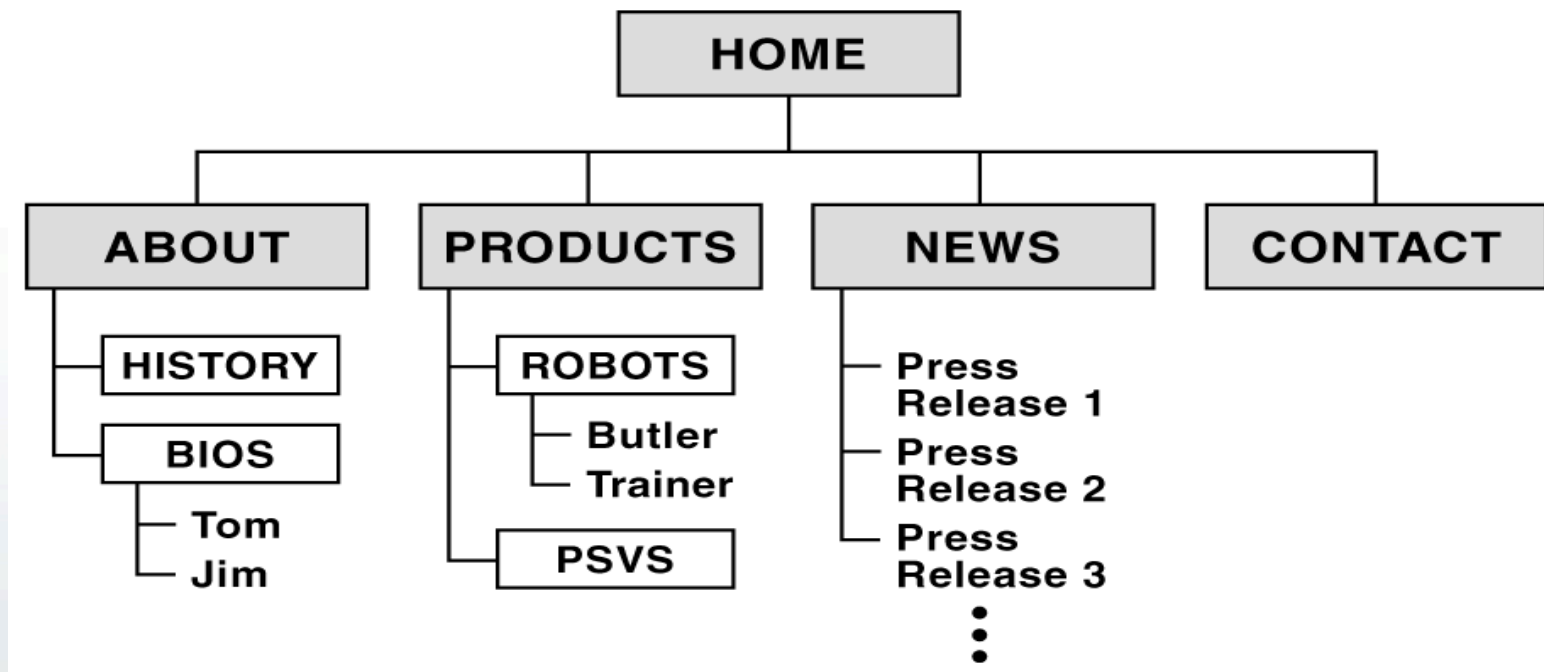
Narrow Hierarchy



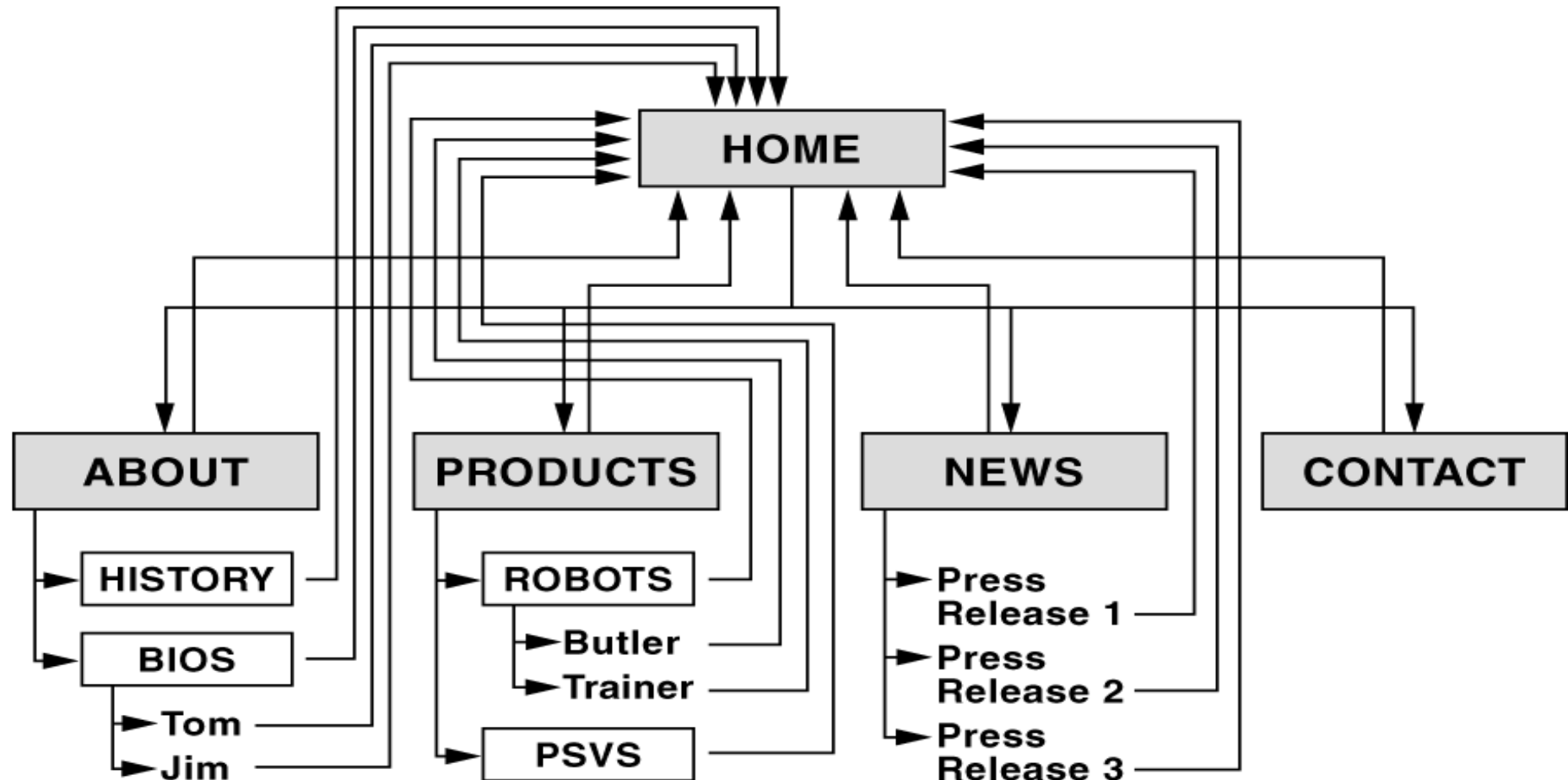
Wide Hierarchy



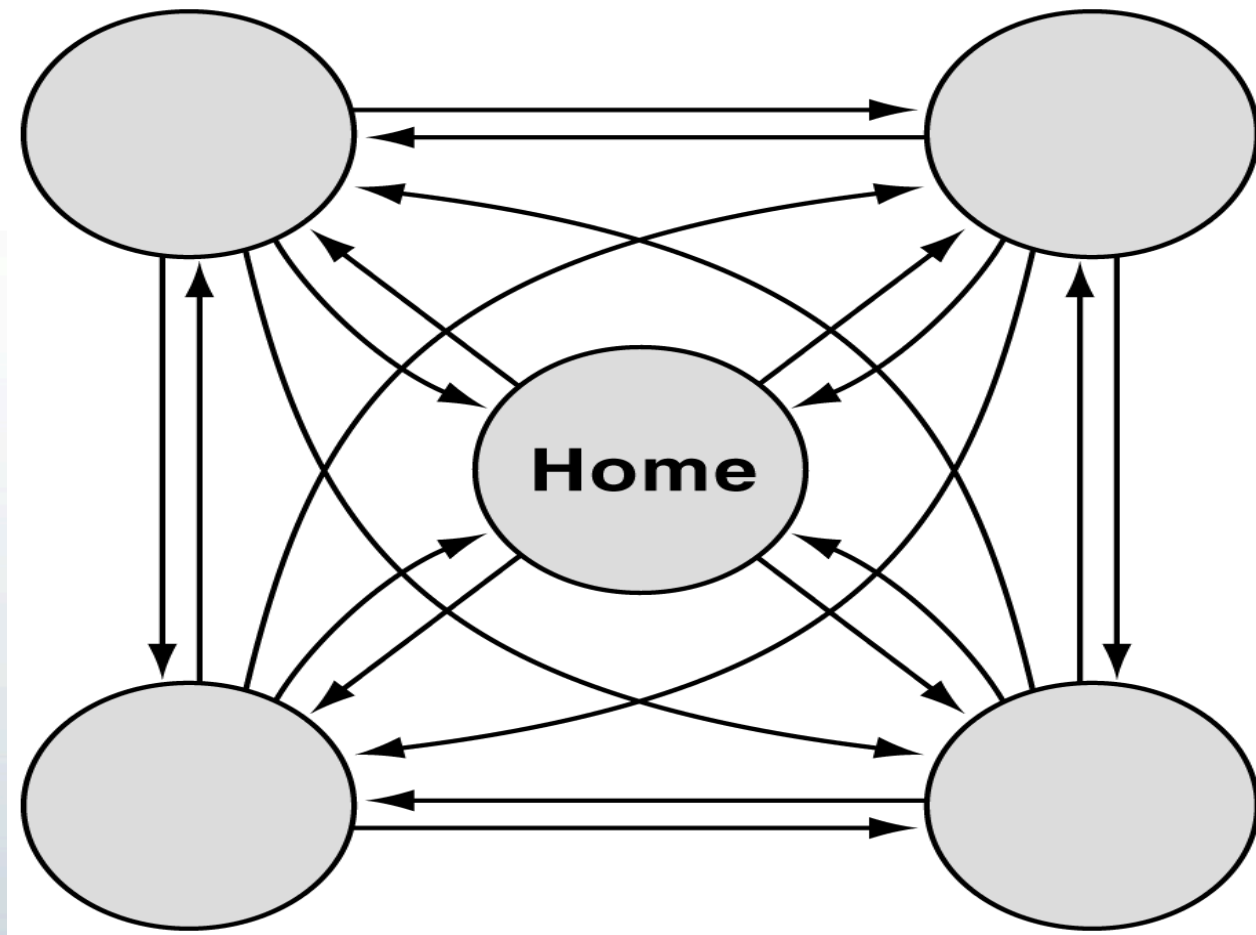
Applied Tree



Is it a Tree?

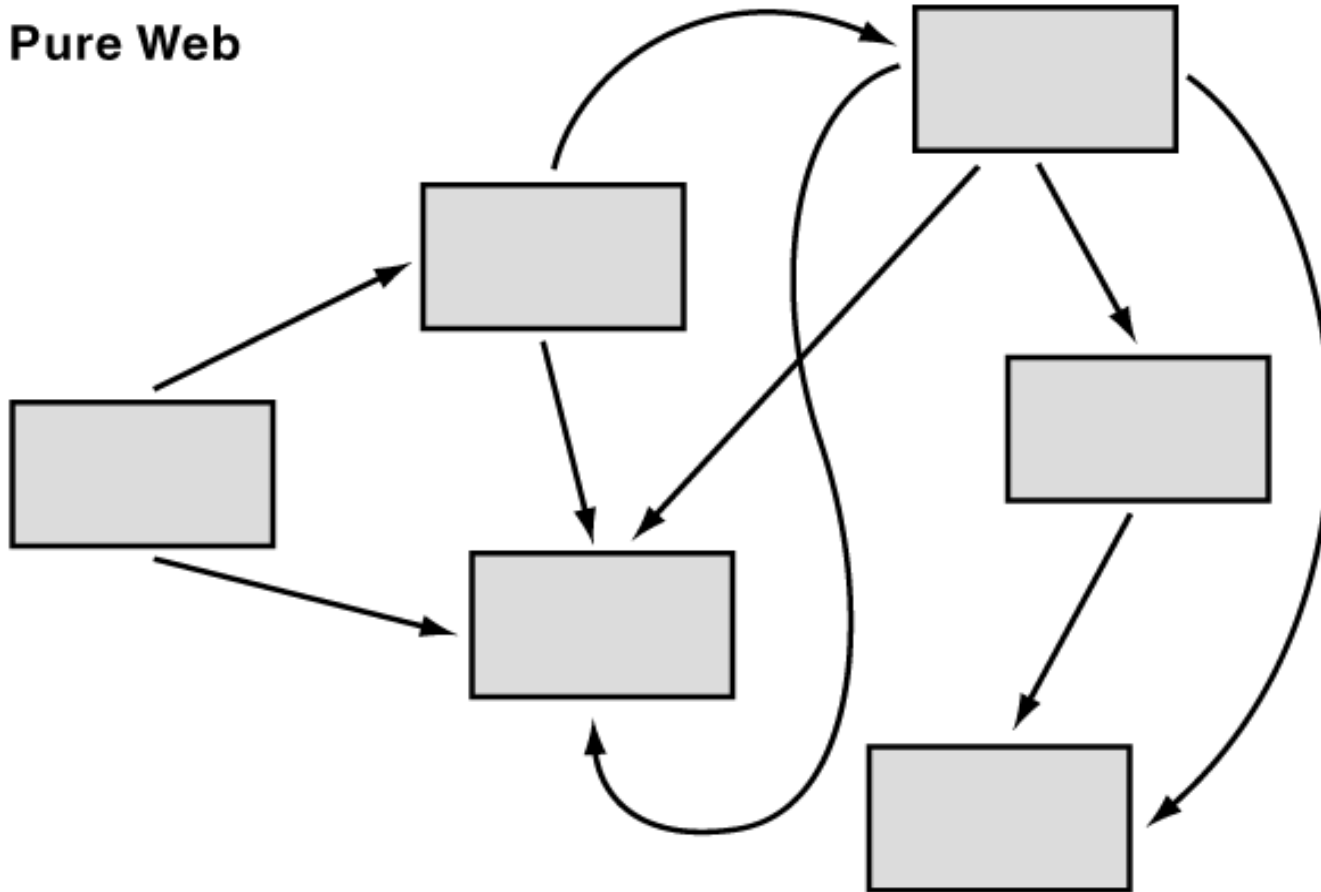


Give Them Infinite Choice?

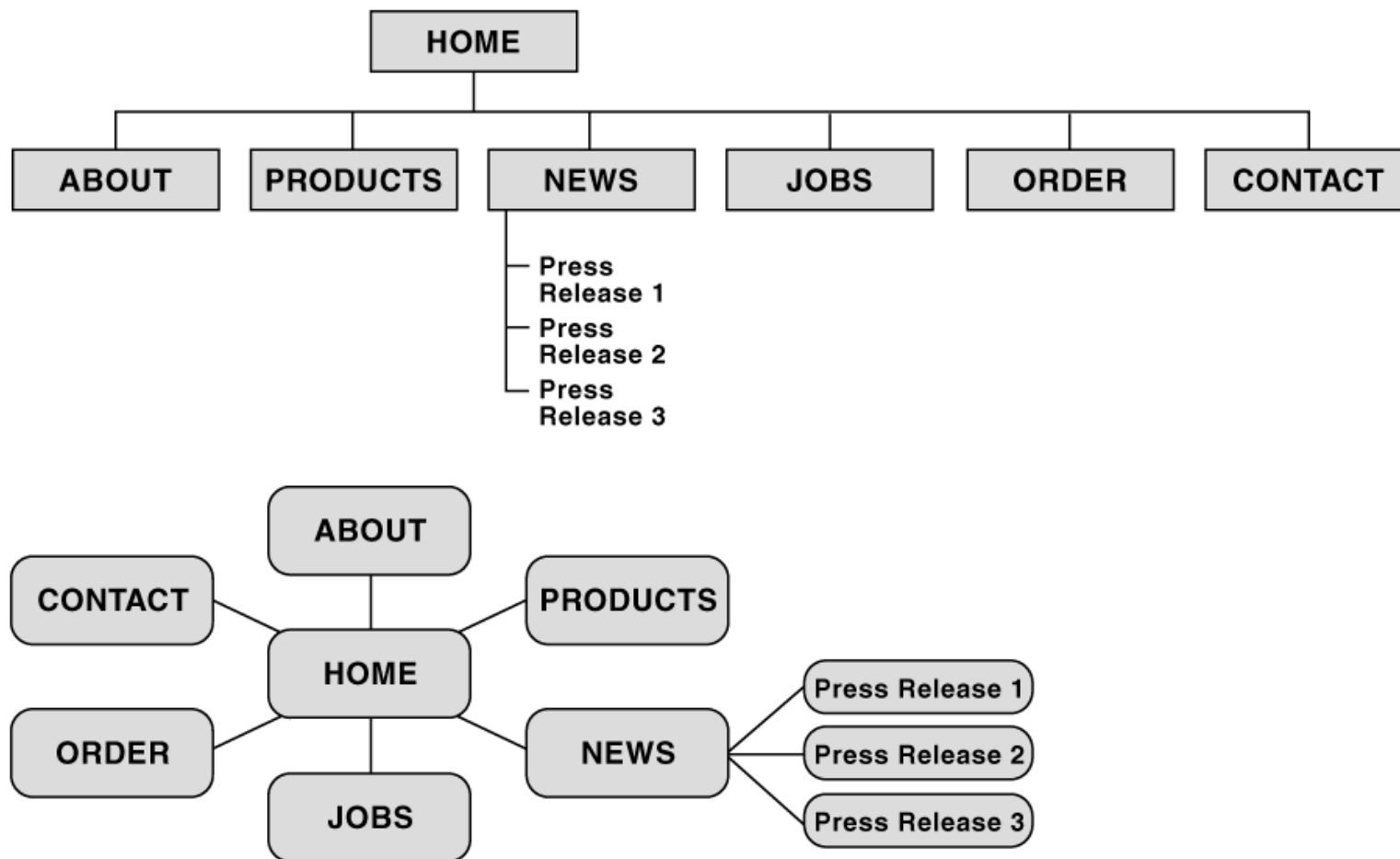


Just a Graph

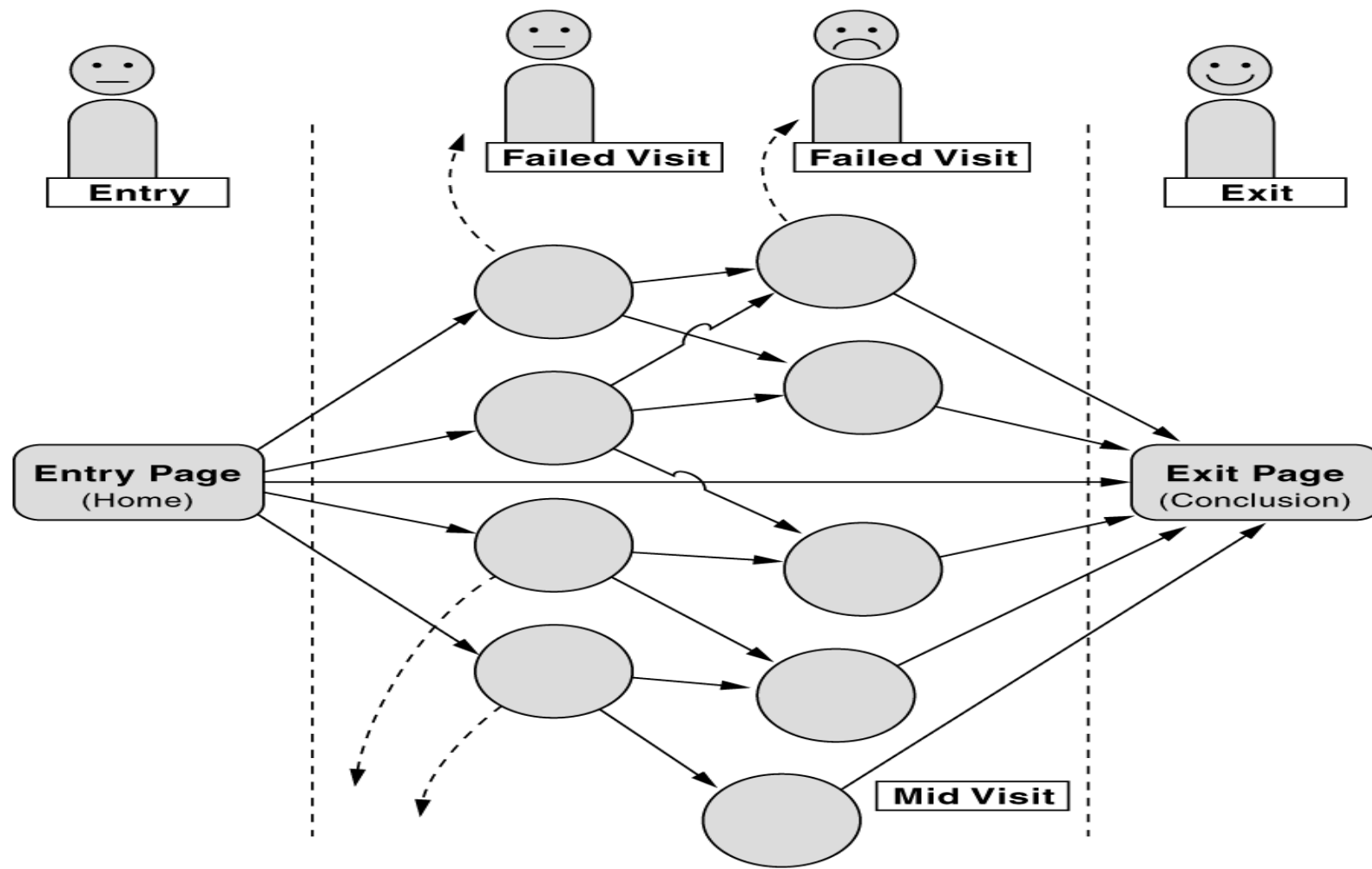
Pure Web



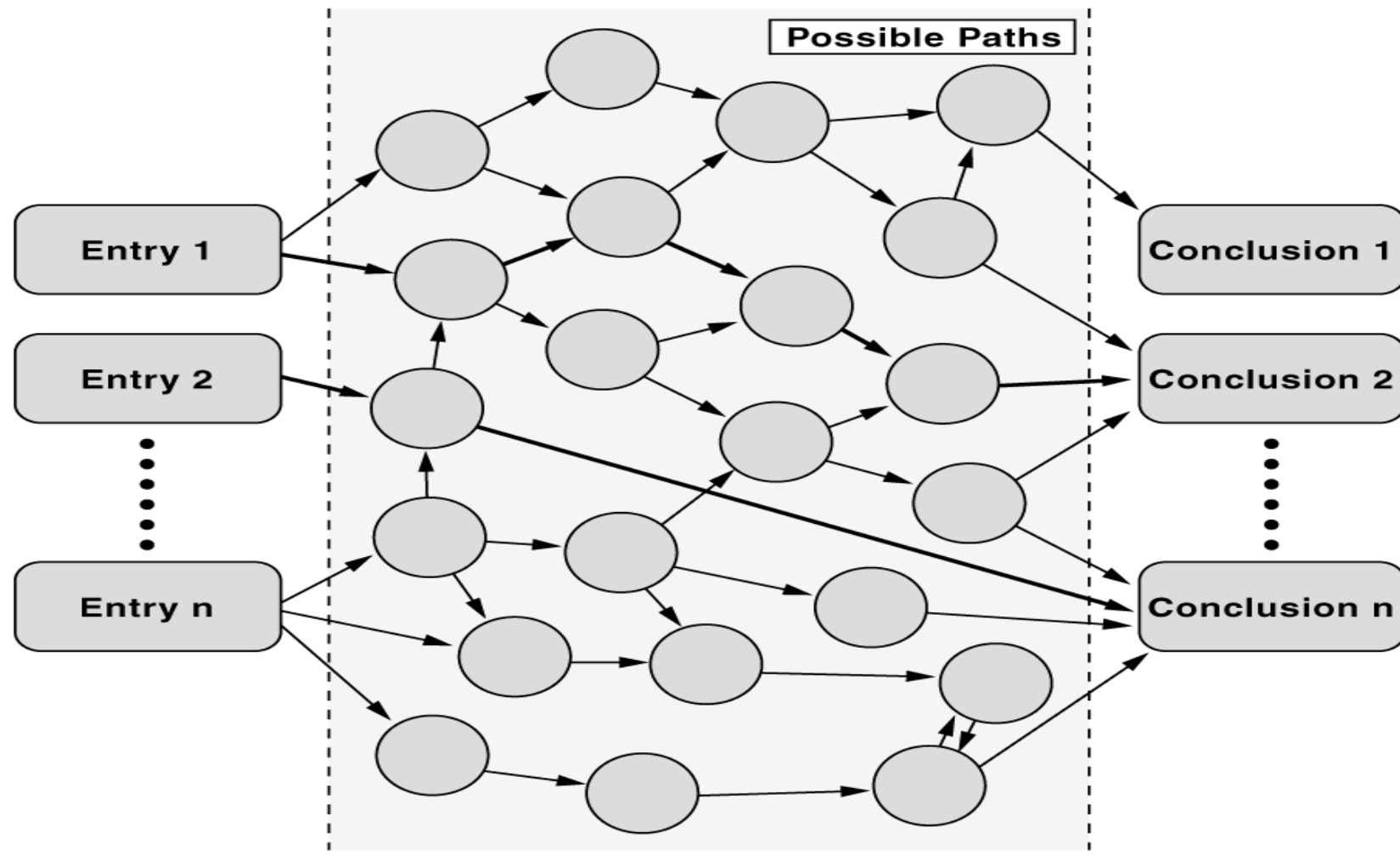
Don't be Silly



Realistic User View of the Site



Well...it might be a bit more complicated

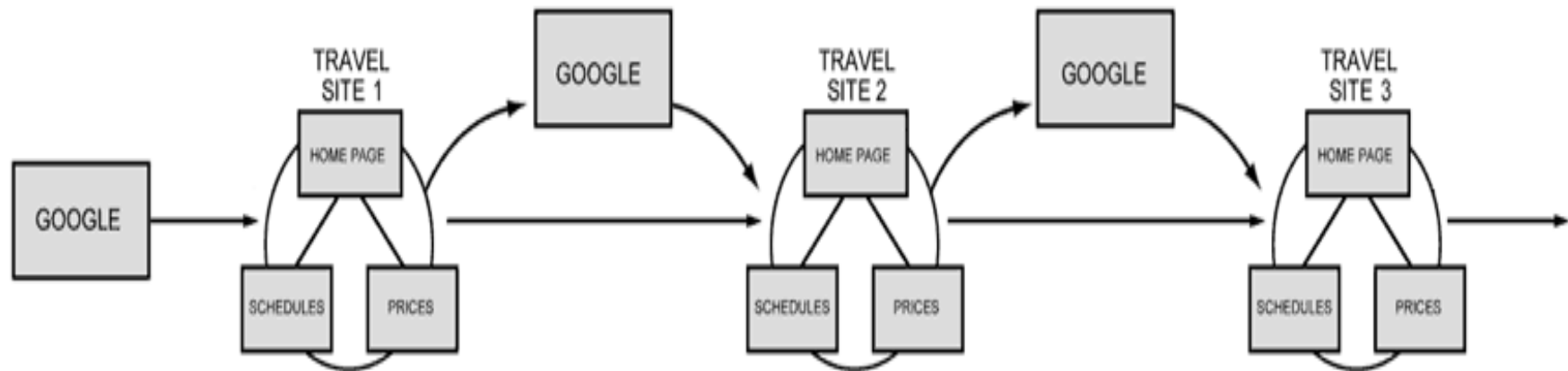


Goal Driven vs. Structure Driven Web Dev?

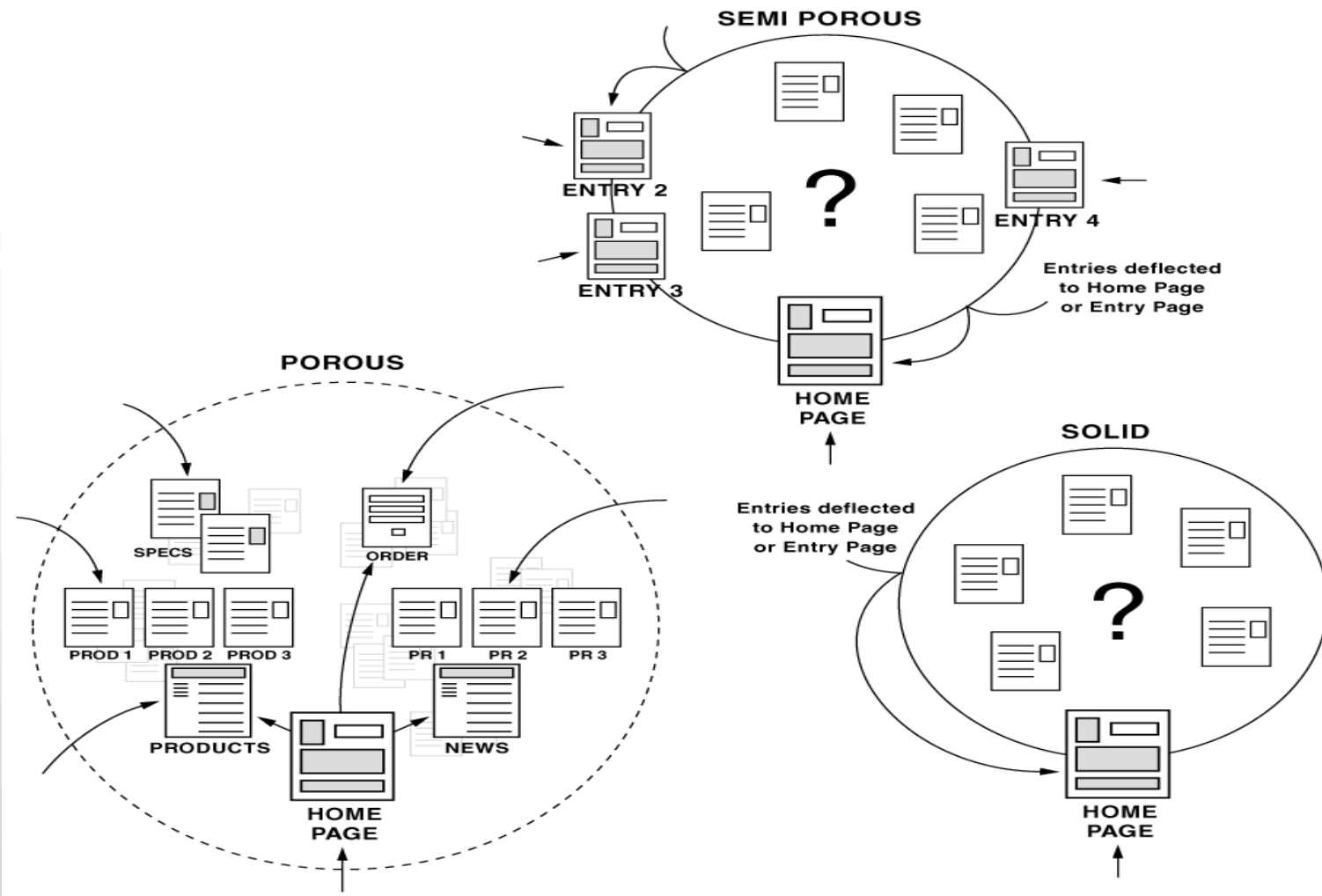
- Focusing on entry and exit and trying to get people to get what they want quickly
 - Amazon knows how many clicks you want to do...1!
- Consider Amazon's feature other people who bought this book bought these books
- This approach to navigation is known as information foraging
 - The wild animal and food example is good to keep in mind

Site Navigation vs. Web Navigation

- Remember that your site may just be one “Island Hop” on a user’s visit to many sites trying to accomplish some overall task.



Entry Point Important: Consider This



What about Exit?

- Is there an exit?
- The idea of “closure”
- Statefulness, statelessness and the Web
 - HTTP by design
 - But...do they logout?
 - Security, Tracking, Errors,...HEADACHES!
- We are going to see that much of what happens even at user level is a side-effect of core aspects of things like HTTP

My Web Dev Definition

Web Development

“A multidisciplinary pursuit pertaining to the planning, and production of Web sites, including, but not limited to, technical development, information and its structure, visual design, and networked delivery.”

Common Web App Design Themes

- Generally the major themes behind modern Web design include:
 - Designer/Client needs versus user needs
 - The balance of form and function
 - The quality of execution
 - Interplay between convention and innovation

User Focused Design

- UCD - the concept of designing something (in our case Web sites) always with the user and use in mind.
- Some important rules we cover:
 - Rule: YOU are NOT the USER
 - Rule: USERS are NOT DESIGNERS
 - Rule: Design for common, account for differences
 - Rule: Users are REAL PEOPLE

Form and Function

- Favorite Catchphrase: Form follows function!
- Rule: The visual form of a site should relate to its function
- Extreme examples to illustrate the point
 - Overly flash based site for your IRS tax form
 - All text driven move promotion site
- Interesting how design is not bottom-up today but top-down if this is true?

Execution: The Easy Part?

- Who does the user blame for mistakes?
 - Slow speed, no JavaScript, broken links, bad render, etc.
 - No limitations in most case for the user to leave - just click [no uninstall barrier]
- Reason for mistakes?
 - Misunderstanding the medium and its constraints
 - Lack of process
 - Lack of professional education
 - Lack of engineering style thinking

Conformity versus Innovation

- Users come to Web sites with history
 - 99% rule, big site effect, their operating system, etc.
- There is a rich history in computer interfaces
- There is an emerging history in Web design
- Rule: Appropriately respect GUI and Web interface conventions
- You may want to break the rules when you know the rules!

Learning Web Design and Development

- Theory
- Observed Practice - Evaluations
- Your own implementations
- But hey we aren't artists!
- Always remember there is no single form of “correct” Web ‘design’ that will fit every site or situation
 - Splash page example



We Should Know the Details

We get away with things

- The Web is different!?
 - Browsers fix many of your problems
 - Markup, CSS, some network configuration with MIME types and even JavaScript!
 - Imagine a C compiler trying to guess what you mean!
- We really have to do our job right particularly as the distinction between software genres melts away, but what is our job...is there something more than knowing the tech that is maybe tougher?

All About End Users?

- Users declare us good or bad for better or worse
 - They often only see results and things above the water
 - “The Iceberg Model”
- Example: Speed is all important - you can never have it fast enough!
 - User don't care about bytes, they care about time so... implications?
 - Watch out for broadband fallacy
 - Is time and perception of slowness consistent?
 - Given the cycle of read, decide, click, wait, repeat can we play a trick? Yet to do so we have to have technical chops and an understanding of user and experience

The Inherent Trade-offs

- Client-side

- No control - end user environments vary greatly and then can do what they want to your markup and code
 - Security! Security! Security!
- Speed and scalability
 - Responsive interface since no network round-trip
 - Off load server from duties it shouldn't need to perform

- Server-side

- Control is yours - you choose the technology and approach
- The “secrets” hopefully should be safe
- Speed and scalability could be a problem as you round-trip all the time and you find your systems are hung in network wait states all the time

Not a “versus” Issue

- You need both CS AND SS, it is just a question of what makes sense where
 - Client-side tends to be good for interface concerns
 - Validation, UI, etc.
 - Server-side tends to be good for data concerns
 - Submission and storage of sensitive data in particular
- Sacrifices and trade-offs are made, there is no vacuum here you may be forced or encouraged to balance CS and SS differently depending on user needs, internal conditions, developer familiarity or simply time.